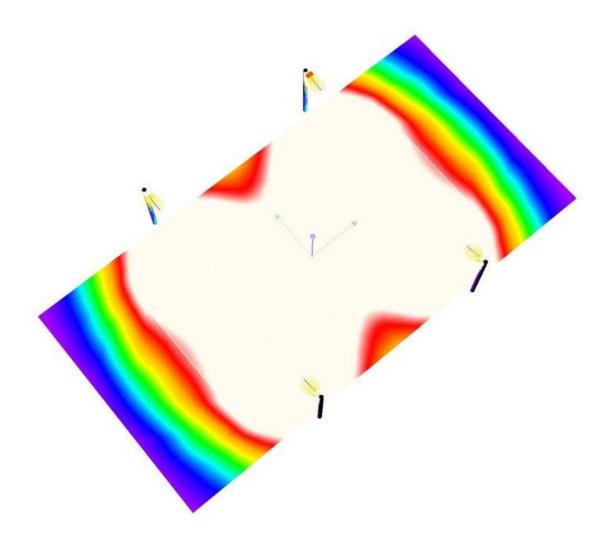


Recreational Tennis Court Lighting Dark Sky Compliant 3000 Kelvin LED Lights ** 4 x 20' Poles - 4 x APTA 480s Average 24 Footcandles and 1.35 Max/Min Ratio

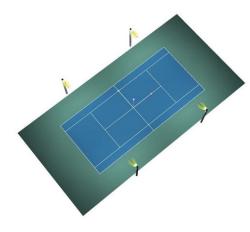


This photometric study was generated using methods recommended by the Illuminating Engineering Society of North America (IESNA). The calculations in this report are based on data provided by a third party. The accuracy of this report is dependent on the accuracy of the data provided. End user environment and application including but not limited to voltage variation and dirt accumulation can cause actual photometric performance to differ from the performance calculated using the data provided. This report is provided without warranty as to accuracy, completeness, reliability or otherwise. In no event will Access Fixtures be responsible for any loss resulting from use of this report.

** Dark Sky requirements may vary. 3000 Kelvin is a typical standard. 2200 Kelvin may be required. Check you local lighting ordinances. 3000 Kelvin LEDs will result in approximately 6% reduction in footcandles. AccessFixtures.com 800.468.9925 Sales@AccessFixtures.com

Recreational Tennis Court (Dark Sky Compliant) (4) 20' Poles - (4) APTA 480s - 24FC - 1.35mm





Key Points

- A photometric analysis provides a multidimensional simulation of a lighting design engineered to accomplish a application-specific outcome, in this case a pickleball court that meets sporting standards. The criteria for each photometric varies by sport, application, municipal code, safety standard, structural restrictions, and personal preferences. We use Illuminating Engineering Society (IES) standards as well as specialist expertise when engineering lighting plans.

- Each sport has different lighting requirements with regard to footcandles, max/min ratio, and the location, height and angle of the fixtures. - Important Sports Factors

- Footcandles:

Simply put, this is a unit of measurement for the amount of light projected onto a specific surface. More footcandles are required for fast moving sports with small balls such as hockey, tennis, and pickleball because it is more difficult to see the object in motion. Fewer footcandles are required for sports with large and/or slower moving balls such as basketball and bocce ball because it is easier to see the moving object.

- Max/Min:

A measure of how evenly the light is distributed on a specific surface. Lower max/min ratios are required for fast moving sports with small objects. If you have a high max/min ratio with "poor" lighting in one zone and "good" lighting in the other, when the ball is in motion you could lose sight of it when turning your head. Alternatively, if you had "good" light in one zone and "great" light in another, you would *still* lose track of the ball when tracking from zone to zone. The reason for this is because, regardless of how many footcandles of light there are, if there is a contrast between two areas, your pupils will dilate and you can lose sight of your target.

- Pole and fixture height, location and angles:

These factors vary based on the direction the light needs to be projected toward or restricted from as well as the game style, player body mechanics, and glare that may interfere with a players ability to perform. If a sport requires that a player look upward, directly into the lighting fixture, they will experience discomfort due to glare and will be unable to play properly if light is not diffused.

- Lighting Factors

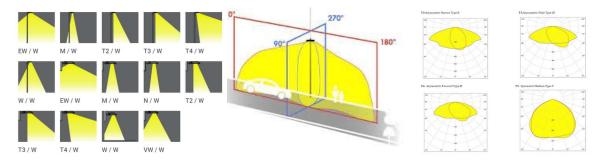
- Kelvin:

This is a measure of the color "warmth". Most applications use between 3000k-5000k.



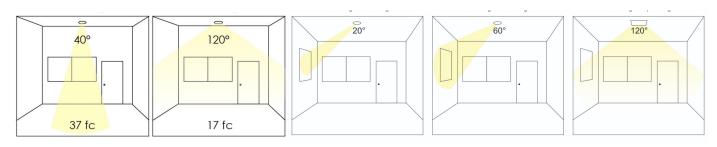
- Optics:

There are many types of optics that project light in unimaginable ways. Sometimes its spherical, other times it's tubular, other times it is oblong. Furthermore, optics dictate the directions in which light is cast to ensure it's hitting the correct areas efficiently and without excessive light trespass.





Footcandle Factors: Distance from light source, angle, optics, wattage, and kelvin.



This shows how optics change the number of footcandles on the floor. It also shows how optics affect light distribution.

You needed specialized optics to achieve the fc and Max/Min ratio presented in this photometric study.

The following parts and materials are included: anchor bolts, poles, 4 3/8" tenon, slip fitter mount, and fixtures with specified optics)



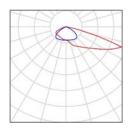
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Recreational Tennis Court Photometric Study / Luminaire parts list

4 Pieces AF88X-PAD480-T4VS-30K-3535F-V2 Article No.: Luminous flux (Luminaire): 57275 Im Luminous flux (Lamps): 57272 Im Luminaire Wattage: 461.8 W Luminaire classification according to CIE: 100 CIE flux code: 32 69 96 100 100 Fitting: 1 x 3000K 3535F-V2 (Correction Factor 1.000). See our luminaire catalog for an image of the luminaire.





AF88X-PAD480-T4VS-30K-3535F-V2 / Luminaire Data Sheet

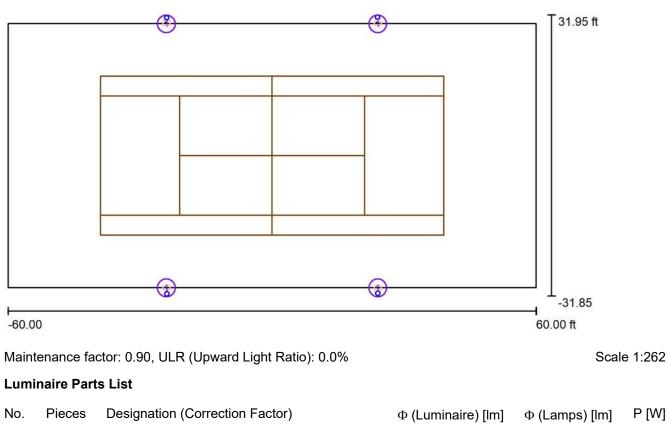
Luminous emittance 1:

105° 105° 90° 90° 75° 75° 400 60° 60° 600 45° 800 45° 1000 1200 0° 30° 150 15° 30° cd/klm C0 - C180 η = 100% - C90 - C270

Due to missing symmetry properties, no UGR table can be displayed for this luminaire.

See our luminaire catalog for an image of the luminaire.

Luminaire classification according to CIE: 100 CIE flux code: 32 69 96 100 100



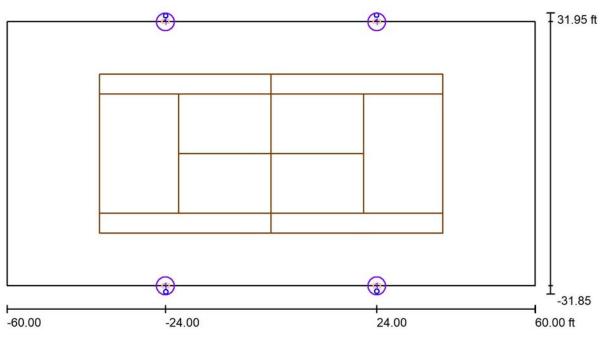
Exterior Scene 1 / Planning data

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lo.	Pieces	Designation (Correction Factor)	Φ (Lumina	aire) [lm]	Φ (Lar	mps) [lm]	P [W]
1	4	AF88X-PAD480-T4VS-30K-3535F-V2 (1.000)		57275		57272	461.8
			Total:	229101	Total:	229090	1847.4



Exterior Scene 1 / Luminaires (layout plan)

Scale 1 : 262

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Luminaire Parts List

No.	Pieces	Designation
1	4	AF88X-PAD480-T4VS-30K-3535F-V2



Exterior Scene 1 / Luminaires (coordinates list)

AF88X-PAD480-T4VS-30K-3535F-V2

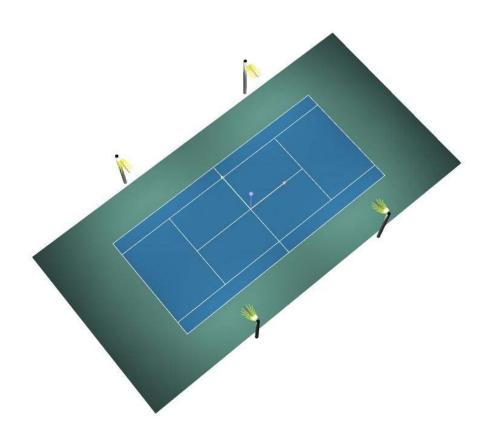
57275 lm, 461.8 W, 1 x 1 x 3000K 3535F-V2 (Correction Factor 1.000).

	3	4	٦
	(1)		
No		Position	. [ft]

No.	Position [ft]			Rotation [°]			
	Х	Y	Z	Х	Y	Z	
1	-24.000	-30.000	20.000	0.0	0.0	90.0	
2	24.000	-30.000	20.000	0.0	0.0	90.0	
3	-24.000	30.000	20.000	0.0	0.0	-90.0	
4	24.000	30.000	20.000	0.0	0.0	-90.0	

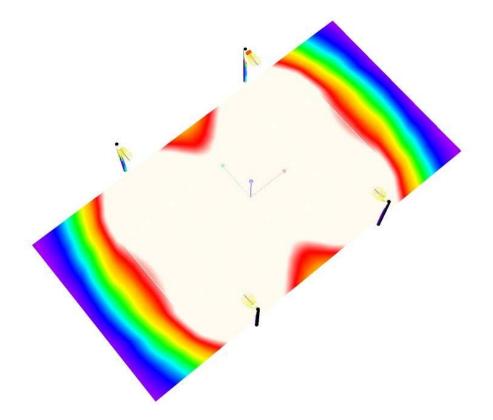


Exterior Scene 1 / 3D Rendering

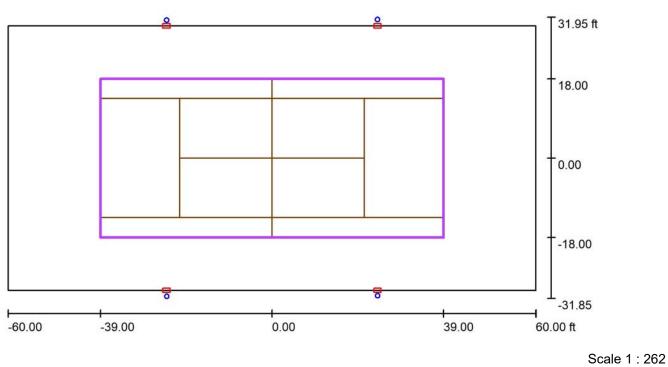




Exterior Scene 1 / False Colour Rendering







Exterior Scene 1 / Tennis 1 Calculation Grid (PA) / Summary

Position: (0.000 ft, 0.000 ft, 0.000 ft)Size: (78.000 ft, 36.000 ft)Rotation: $(0.0^\circ, 0.0^\circ, 0.0^\circ)$ Type: Normal, Grid: 13 x 5 Points Belongs to the following sport arena: Tennis 1

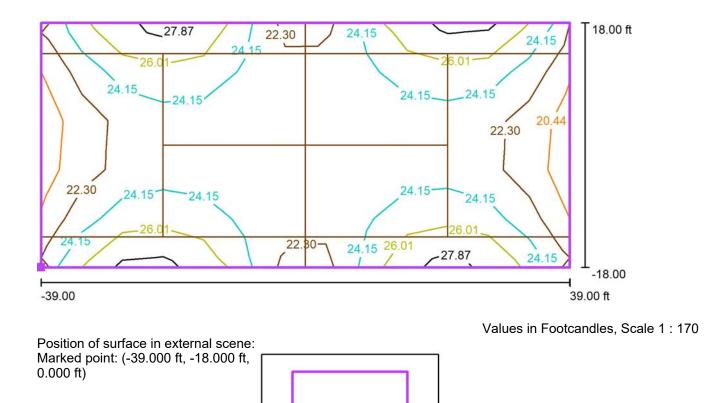
Results overview

No.	Туре	E _{av} [fc]	E _{min} [fc]	E _{max} [fc]	u0	E _{min} / E _{max}	E _{h m} /E _m	H [ft]	Camera
1	perpendicular	24	20	27	0.84	0.74	/	0.000	/
- /-									

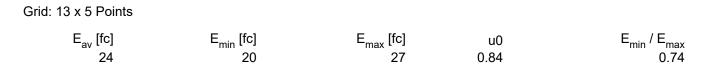
 E_{hm}/E_m = Relationship between middle horizontal and vertical illuminance, H = Measuring Height

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Exterior Scene 1 / Tennis 1 Calculation Grid (PA) / Isolines (E, Perpendicular)

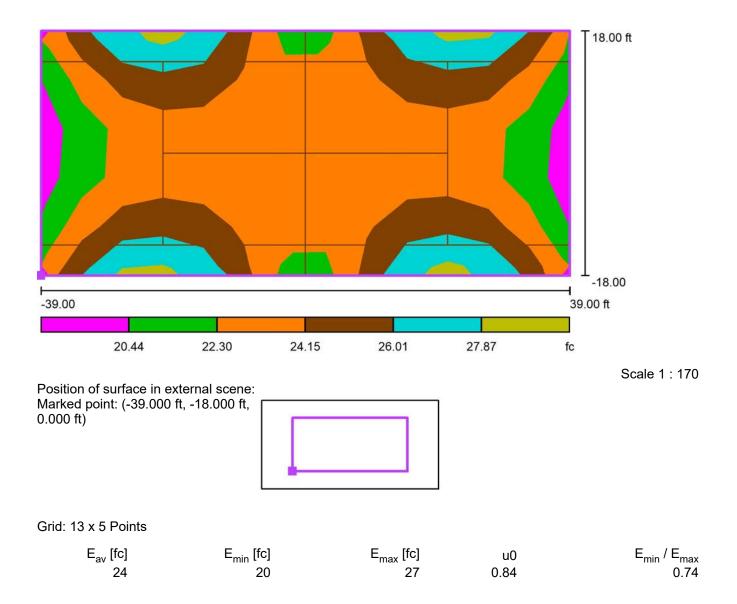


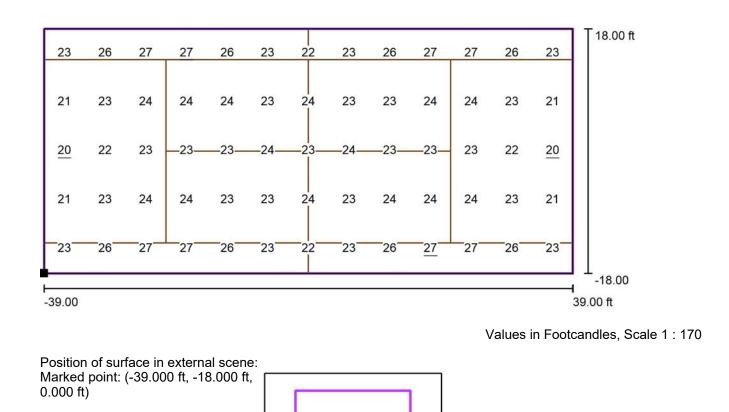
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Exterior Scene 1 / Tennis 1 Calculation Grid (PA) / Greyscale (E, Perpendicular)





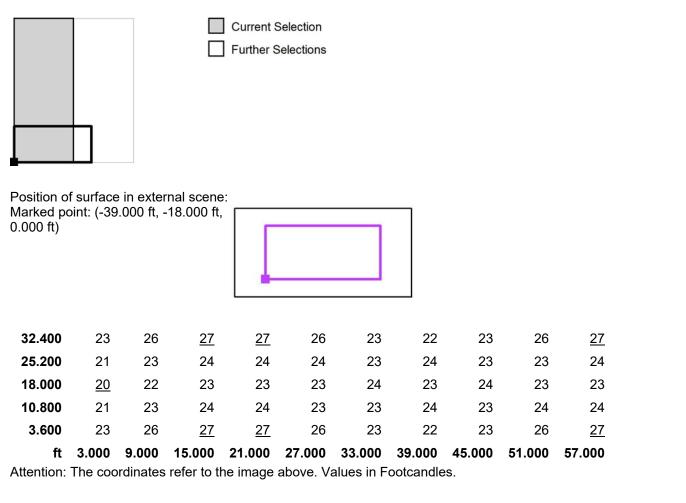
Exterior Scene 1 / Tennis 1 Calculation Grid (PA) / Value Chart (E, Perpendicular)

Grid: 13 x 5 Points				
E _{av} [fc]	E _{min} [fc]	E _{max} [fc]	u0	E _{min} / E _{max}
24	20	27	0.84	0.74





Exterior Scene 1 / Tennis 1 Calculation Grid (PA) / Table (E, Perpendicular)

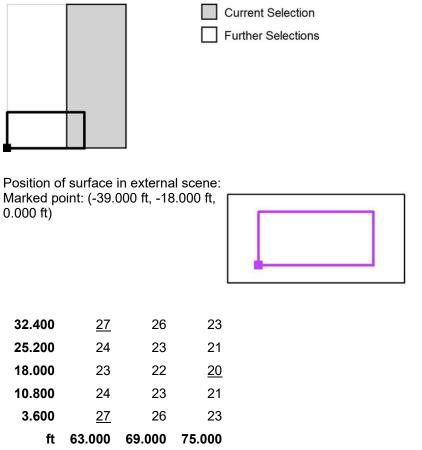


Grid: 13 x 5 Points

E _{av} [fc]	E _{min} [fc]	E _{max} [fc]	u0	E _{min} / E _{max}
24	20	27	0.84	0.74



Exterior Scene 1 / Tennis 1 Calculation Grid (PA) / Table (E, Perpendicular)



Attention: The coordinates refer to the image above. Values in Footcandles.

Grid: 13 x 5 Points

E _{av} [fc]	E _{min} [fc]	E _{max} [fc]	u0	E _{min} / E _{max}
24	20	27	0.84	0.74